

Exploring Brazil

Learning Objective: To know the location of Brazil



[Back](#)

[Next](#)



What do you
already know
about Brazil?

Think, pair, then share your knowledge.

Back

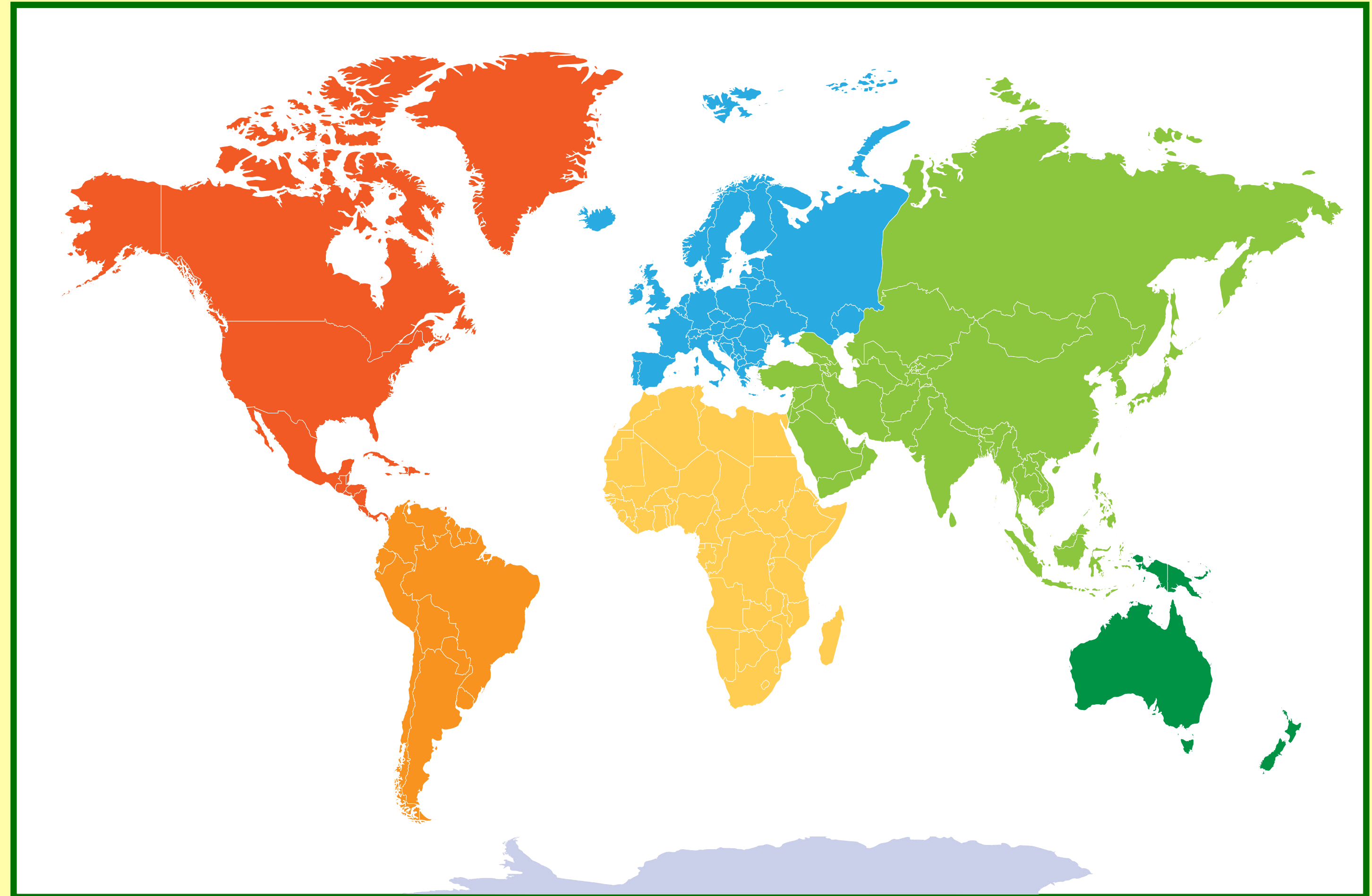
Next



Can you identify the seven continents of the world?

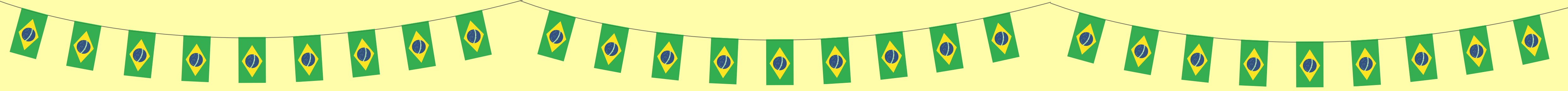


Do you know which continent Brazil can be found in?



Back

Next










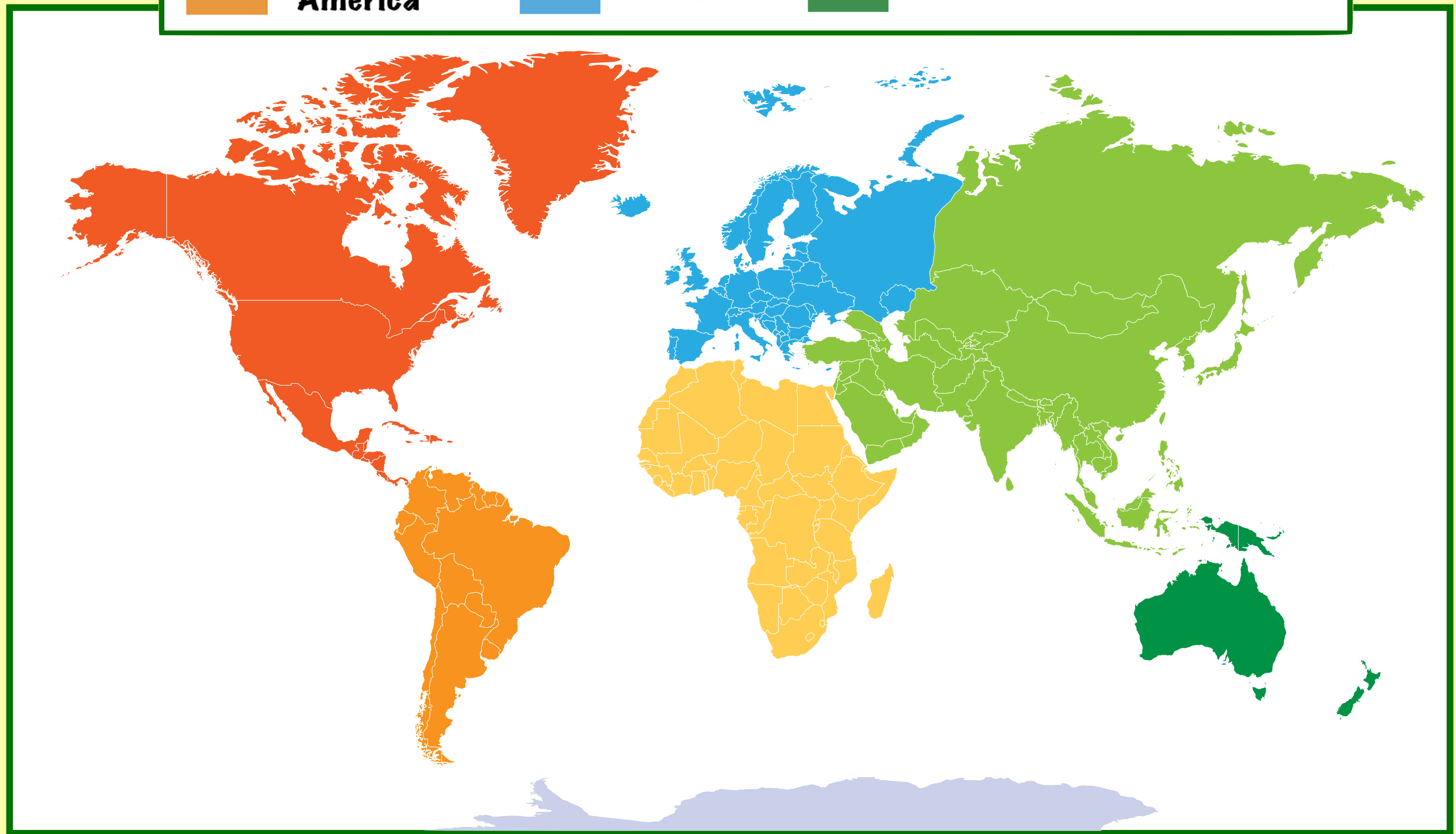
Brazil can be found
in the continent of
South America.



Brazil is the
largest country
in the
continent. Can
you spot it?

Continents Key:

 North America	 Africa	 Asia	 Antarctica
 South America	 Europe	 Australia	



Back



Next



Brazil is the world's fifth largest country by both area (8.5 million km²) and population (approx. 210 million people in 2018).

Look at the map of South America. How many countries share a border with Brazil?



Every country in South America,
except Chile and Ecuador, shares a
border with Brazil! That's a total of
ten bordering countries.

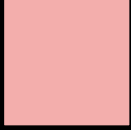
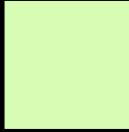
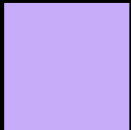


Brazil is also bordered to the east by
the Atlantic Ocean.



Now let's have a closer look at the
country of Brazil itself...



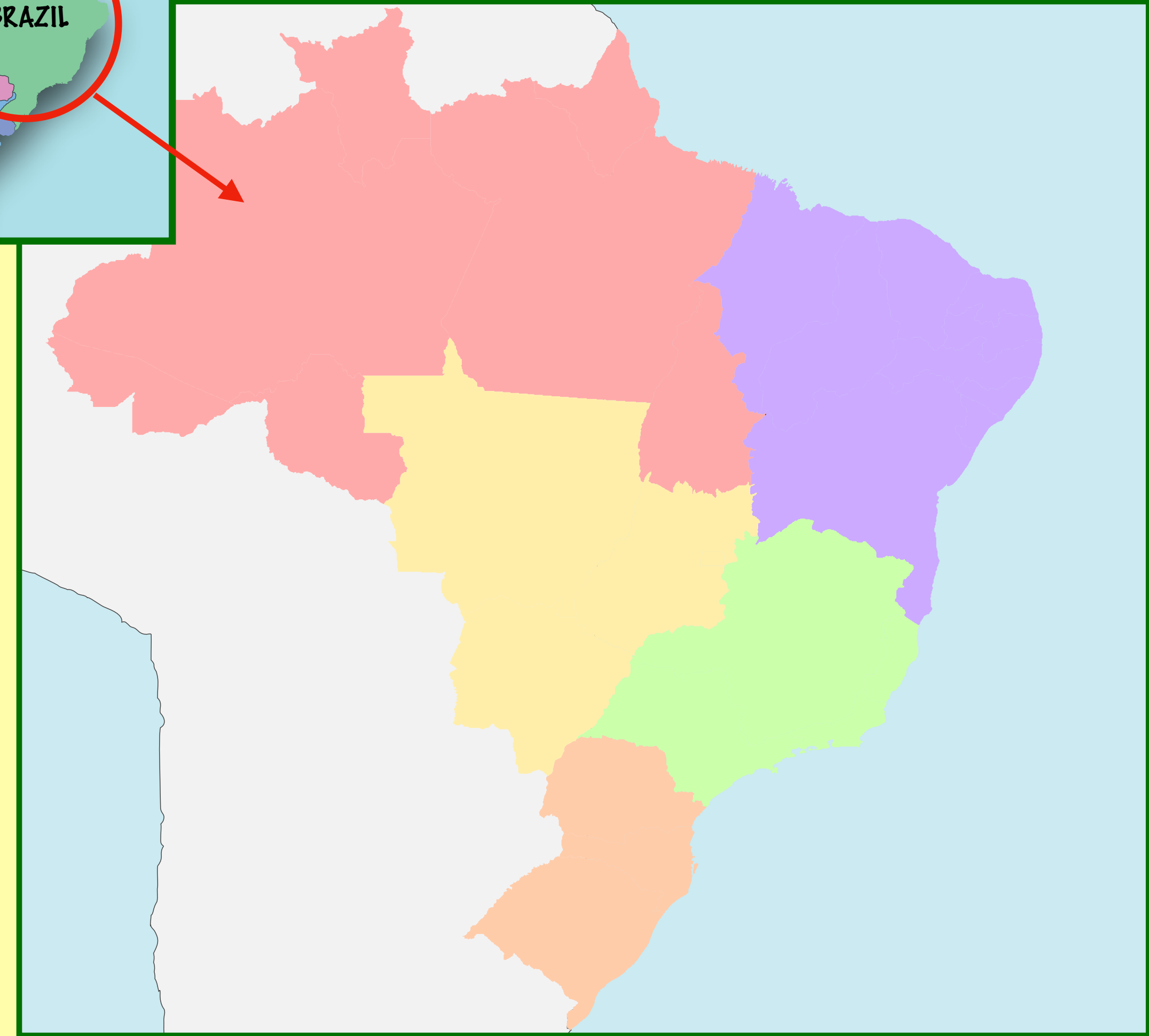
Brazil has five regions:

- | | |
|---|---|
|  North |  South-east |
|  North-east |  South |
|  West-central | |

What do you think each region might be like, based on its location?

Which region do you think will have the highest population, and why?

Think, pair, then share your ideas.



Region: North
Population: 17.7 million
Largest City: Manaus (2.1 million)

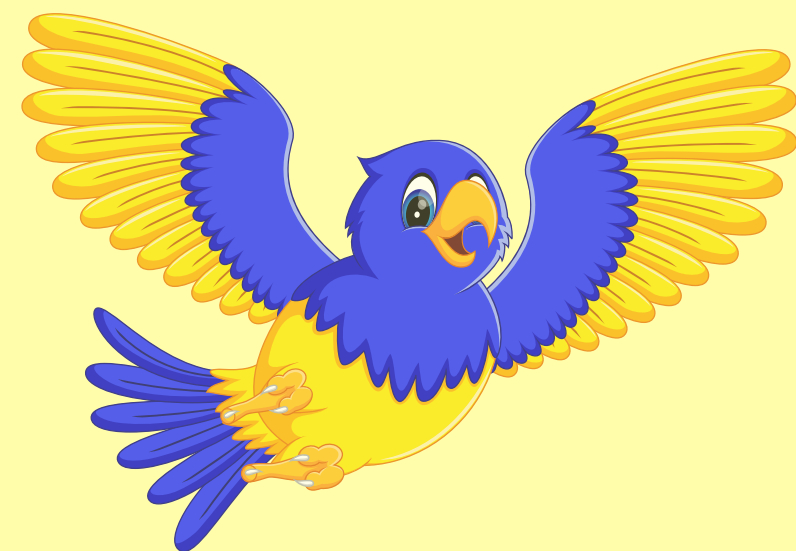
Despite being the largest of the regions, comprising of seven states, the North has the lowest **population density** in the country. This is due to the region being almost entirely covered in the Amazon rainforest.



Population density is a measure of how many people live in a particular area. A high population density means that the area is crowded, whereas a low population density means that the area is uncrowded.

Region: North-east
Population: 53.3 million
Largest City: Salvador (2.7 million)

This region of Brazil is made up of nine states. It was the first area of the country to be discovered by Portuguese explorers at the beginning of the 16th century. Salvador was the country's first capital city, and remained so until 1763.



This area of Brazil is also the most impoverished.
This means it is the poorest region.

Region: Central-west
Population: 13.4 million
Largest City: Brasilia (2.6 million)

This region of Brazil is comprised of three states and the Federal District, where the current capital of the country, Brasilia, is located. This region also has a low population density. Much of the area is covered in the Pantanal.



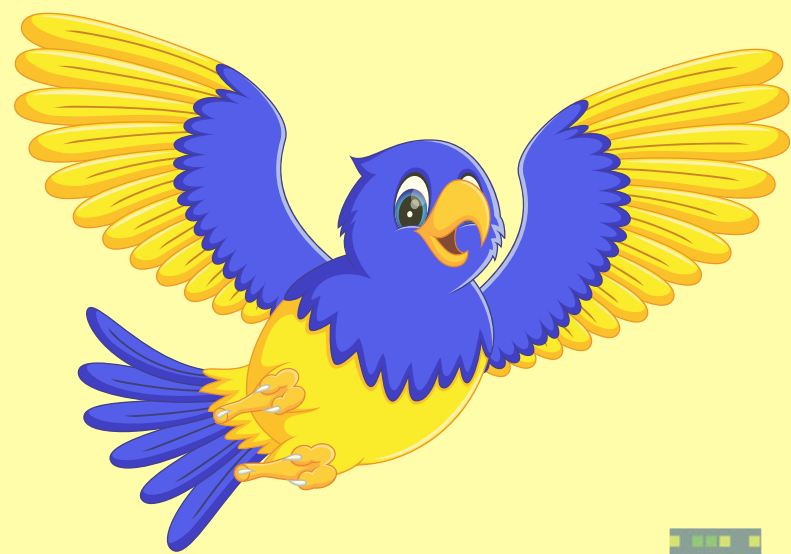
The Pantanal is a natural area consisting of the world's largest tropical wetland area. The marshes and swamps here are home to a huge variety of plants and animals.

Back

Next

Region: South-east
Population: 80.3 million
Largest City: Sao Paulo (11 million)

Comprising of four states, the south-east has the highest population density of all the regions. It is also the richest region. It has the most vehicles, industries, airports, ports, hospitals, universities, schools and houses compared to any other region.



This area of Brazil has the two largest cities in the country - Sao Paulo and Rio de Janeiro. Rio de Janeiro was the country's capital from 1763 until 1960.

Back

Next

Region: South
Population: 25.8 million
Largest City: Curitiba (1.8 million)

This is the smallest of the five regions of Brazil, and is made up of just three states. It has the highest standard of living out of all the regions.



The standard of living refers to the amount of wealth, comfort, material goods and necessities available to people. This is usually linked to the amount of employment available, and the rate of pay.

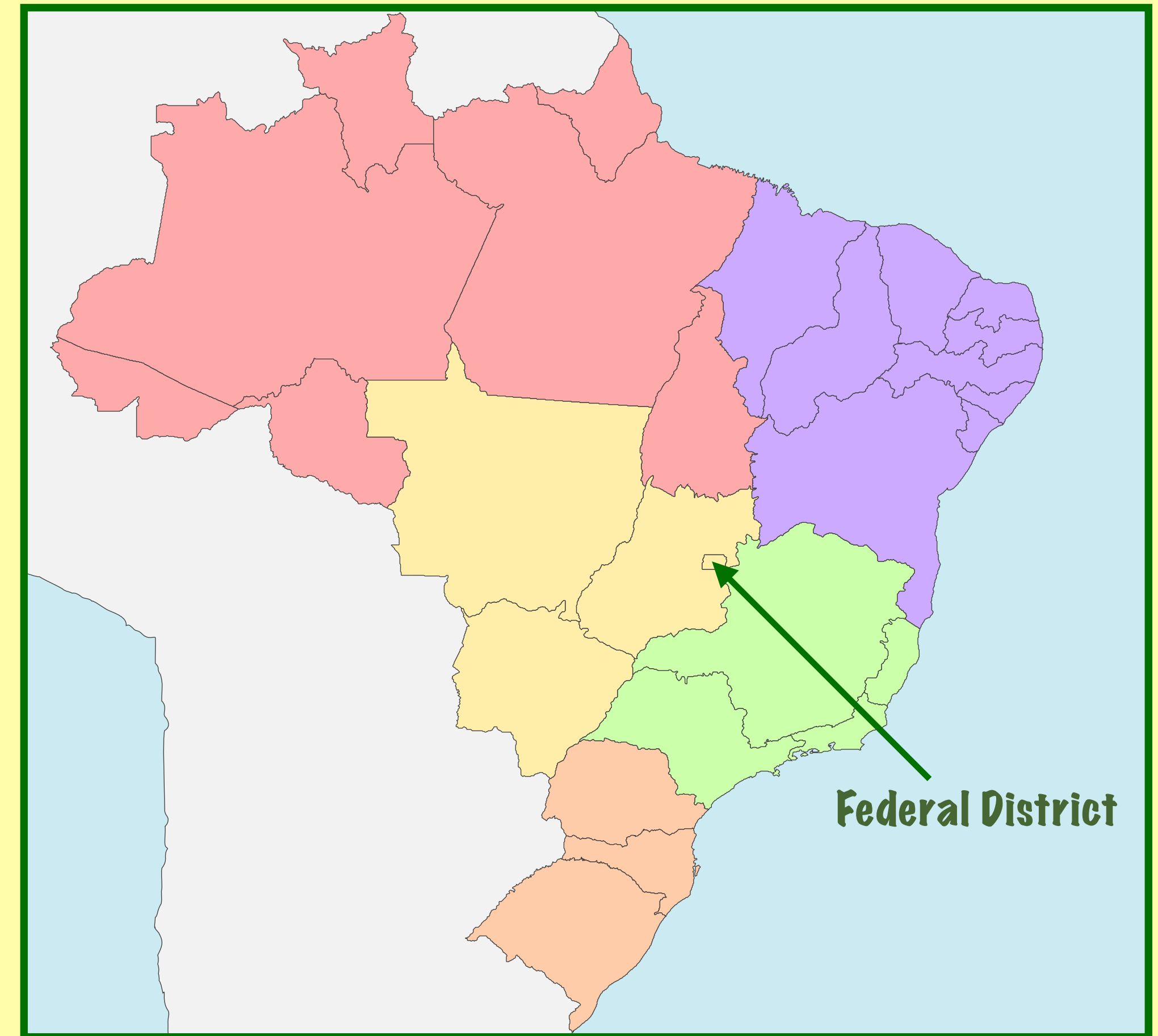
Back

Next

Altogether, the five regions of Brazil
comprise of 27 states (one of which is a
Federal District).



Which region do you
think you would most
like to visit, and why?



Back

Next

This is the flag of Brazil. It consists of a green background with a yellow rhombus, in the centre of which is a blue circle. The motto 'Ordem e Progresso' (which means 'Order and Progress') is written across it, and there are 27 white five-pointed stars.



What do you think the 27 stars might represent on the flag?

Each star represents one of Brazil's 27 states.

The colours of the Brazilian flag also have a symbolic meaning. The yellow represents the wealth of Brazil. The green symbolises the flora and fauna, particularly the Amazon rainforest.



The position of the stars represent the constellations that could be seen in the night sky in 1889, the year that the country became known as the Republic of the United States of Brazil. (In 1967, this was changed to the Federal Republic of Brazil.)



Now it's time for you to use
your map skills to show
what you have learnt
about Brazil so far.

Back

Next

Plenary:

Now you know where Brazil is located in the world, but what does it look like as a country from the 'ground' view?

Take a look at the photos on the following slides...





What can
you see?

What can
you tell about
Brazil from
this photo?

Copacabana Beach in Rio de Janeiro

Back

Next

What can
you see?

What can
you tell about
Brazil from
this photo?



Bom Jesus Street, Old Recife

Back

Next



What can
you see?

What can
you tell about
Brazil from
this photo?

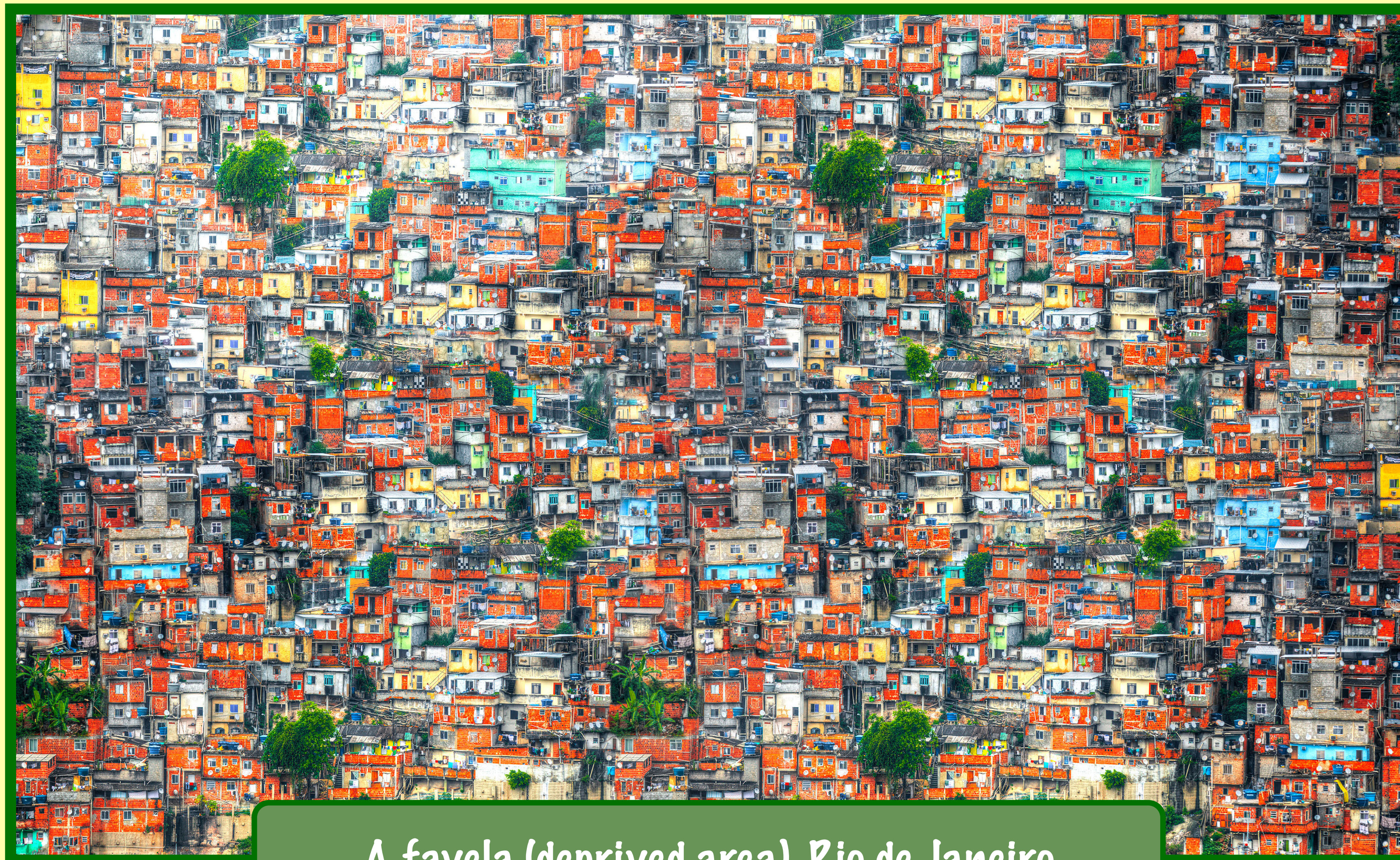
Farol da Barra in Salvador

Back

Next

What can
you see?

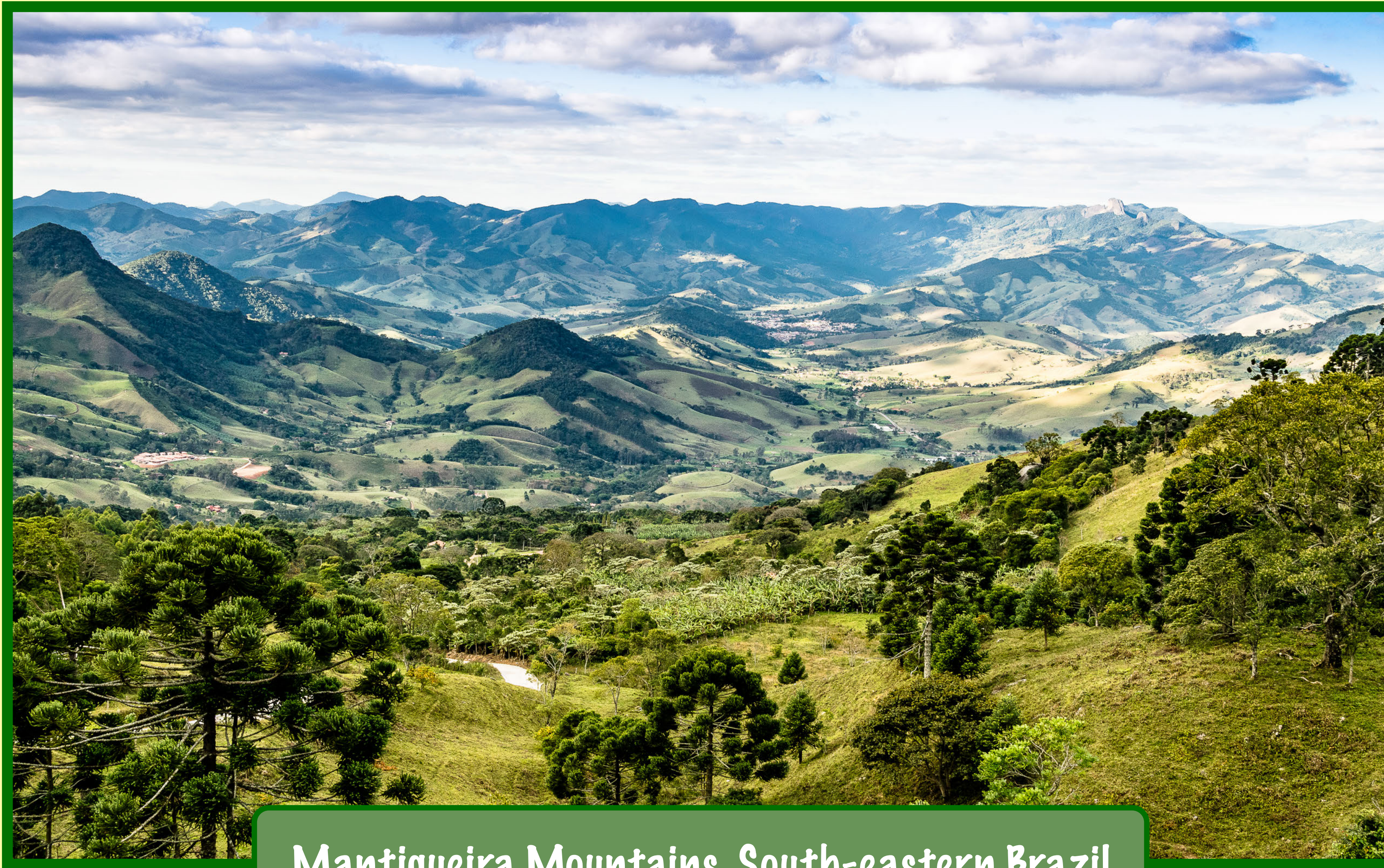
What can
you tell about
Brazil from
this photo?



A favela (deprived area), Rio de Janeiro

Back

Next



What can
you see?

What can
you tell about
Brazil from
this photo?

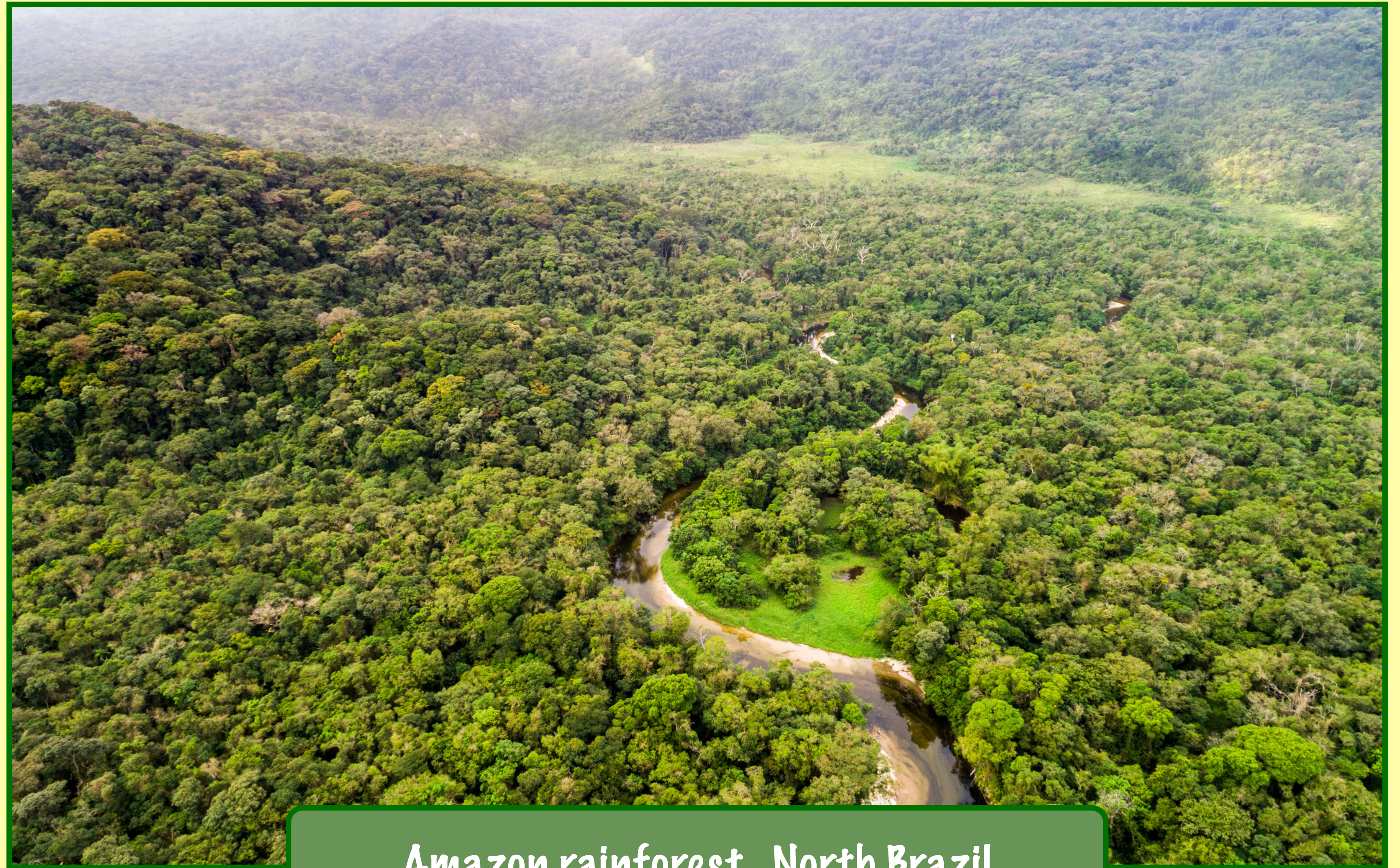
Mantiqueira Mountains, South-eastern Brazil

Back

Next

What can
you see?

What can
you tell about
Brazil from
this photo?



Amazon rainforest, North Brazil

Back

Next



What can
you see?

What can
you tell about
Brazil from
this photo?

Pantanal, central-west region of Brazil

Back

